POSTS OF MASS INTERVIEWER IN PUBLIC HEALTH AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE DEPARTMENT IN TAMIL NADU PUBLIC HEALTH SUBORDINATE SERVICE AND

SOCIAL CASE WORK EXPERT IN PRISONS & CORRECTIONAL DEPARTMENT IN TAMIL NADU JAIL SUBORDINATE SERVICE

COMPUTER BASED TEST - 2023 PAPER- I - ANTHROPOLOGY

- 1. Srinivas pointed out in which types of household, which often lack those elders who not only are tradition bound but also have knowledge of the complex rituals?
 - (A) Rural households
 - Urban households
 - (C) Village households
 - (D) Tribal households
 - (E) Answer not known
- 2. The upward/downward mobility of Urban life affects
 - (A) Biological relation
 - Social relation
 - (C) Religious relation
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known
- 3. Which among the following is not the cause of poverty?
 - (A) Individual incapability
 - (B) Economic factor
 - (C) Illiteracy
 - Literacy
 - (E) Answer not known

- 4. Who points out that "The Urban households often lack those elders who not only are tradition bound but also have knowledge of the complex rituals"?
 - (A) Morgan
 - (B) Tylor
 - Srinivas
 - (D) Mathur and Gupta
 - (E) Answer not known
- 5. The Migratory pattern in the city is also closely related with
 - (A) Ties of Kinship
 - (B) Acquaintance
 - Ties of Kinship and Acquaintance
 - (D) Political networks and links
 - (E) Answer not known
- 6. Money and Cash govern the behaviour of
 - (A) Rural man
 - (B) Tribal man
 - 🕼 Urban man
 - (D) Village man
 - (E) Answer not known

- 7. Who said the primitive society is a whole society and the peasant society is a part society?
 - (A) Evam Pritchard
 - (B) W.H. Rivers
 - A.L. Kroeber
 - (D) D.G.A. Mitchell
 - (E) Answer not known
- 8. Which among the following were not entitled to recite sacred texts in the olden days?
 - (A) Brahmin
 - (B) Kshatriya
 - (C) Vaisya
 - M Sudra
 - (E) Answer not known
- 9. The biggest leader of the village, who used to rule over a group of Thousand villages
 - (A) Satagramini
 - Adhipati Adhipati
 - (C) Dasagramini
 - (D) Gramini
 - (E) Answer not known

10.		among the following has perceived the village settlement cial organization?	nt as a	unit
	(A)	Robert Redfield		
	(B)	Max Muller		
	10)	S.C. Dube		
	(D)	K.T. Preuss		
	(E)	Answer not known		

11. According to Varna system, Brahmin came from the

- Mouth of the Brahma
- (B) Arm of the Brahma
- (C) Thigh of the Brahma
- (D) Feet of the Brahma
- (E) Answer not known

12. Brahmin, Kshtriya, Vaisya and Sudra are

- (A) Castes
- Varnas
- (C) Tribes
- (D) Communities
- (E) Answer not known

13. Who is the author of the book "Village Life in Northern India"?

- (A) S.C. Dube
- Oscar Lewix
- (C) D.N. Majumdar
- (D) A.C. Mayer
- (E) Answer not known

14.	Each	village is a kind of of bigger society.
	(A)	Part
	(B)	Macrocosm
	(0)	Microcosm
	(D)	Miniscule
	(E)	Answer not known
15.		defined village where the localization of people with the features distinctiveness, homogeneity, smallness and self sufficiency?
	(A)	S.C. Dube
	(B)	Tylor
	(0)	Robert Redfield
	(D)	Frazer
	(E)	Answer not known
16.		rding to whom, caste, religious group, family, Kin group etc. are s of social structure?
	(A)	S.C. Dube
	(B)	E.B. Tylor
	(C)	Robert Redfield
	(D)	Herbert Spencer
	(E)	Answer not known
17.	Wha	t is the percentage of seats reserved for women in Panchayat?
	(A)	25%
	(B)	50%
	(3)	33%
	(D)	75%
	(E)	Answer not known
		7 Anthropology [Turn over

- 18. Who described village as "The least destructible institution of a society, which never willingly surrenders any one of its usage to innovation"?
 - (A) S.C. Rapson
 - (B) Robert Redfield
 - (C) S.C. Dube
 - Sir Henry Maine
 - (E) Answer not known
- 19. Caste position of the person is determined by
 - (A) Place
 - Birth
 - (C) Occupation
 - (D) Position
 - (E) Answer not known
- 20. According to whom "The Varna Scheme refers at the best only to the particular categories of the society and not to its real and effective units"?
 - (A) S.C. Dube
 - M.N. Srinivas
 - (C) D.N. Majumdar
 - (D) K.S. Mathur
 - (E) Answer not known

- 21. At the end of which war, anthropologists shifted their attention from typical monographic study of tribes to analysis on villages
 - (A) Ist World War
 - Second World War
 - (C) British Independance War
 - (D) India Freedom
 - (E) Answer not known
- 22. Redfield concept of folk society and folk culture are based largely on his studies of
 - (A) Iroguois tribes
 - (B) Hopi Indians
 - The Maurya Indians
 - (D) Eskimos
 - (E) Answer not known
- 23. The social structure of a Tanjore village was studied by
 - (A) Makkim Marriott
 - (B) Oscar Lewis
 - Kathleen Gough
 - (D) M.N. Srinivas
 - (E) Answer not known
- 24. Lewis Morgan regarded Tribal society as
 - (A) Those societies who exhibited social institutions
 - (B) Those societies lacked political institutions
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) Those societies who exhibited both social and political institutions

(E) Answer not known

25.	Kroe	eber tried to distinguish the primitive society from the	
	(A)	Folk society	
	(B)	Peasant society	
	(C)	Village society	
	(D)	Urban society	
	(E)	Answer not known	
26.	Trib	al culture in India was written by	
**	(A)	S.C. Dube	
	D	Vidyarthi and Rao	
	(C)	K.L. Serma	
	(D)	S.C. Srinivas	
	(E)	Answer not known	
27.	Whi	ch among the following criteria was not emphasized	by

Evam

- Large population
- (C) Small-Scale social contact
- (D) Simple technology
- (E) Answer not known

28. One of the outstanding features of Indian tribes is

- (A) Non Dormitory Institutions
- Dormitory Institutions
- (C) Political Participation
- (D) Highest literary and development
- (E) Answer not known

30.	Who	describe Tribes as a "Social Cohesive Unit"?
	W	Mitchell
	(B)	Pritchard
,	· (C)	Riverx
	(D)	Beteille
	(E)	Answer not known
		2
31.	The	Tribal movement in India was written by
	4	K.S. Singh
	(B)	K. Singh
	(C)	R.K. Tiwari
	(D)	M.N. Srinivas
	(E)	Answer not known
32.	How	many different kinds of tribes live in Orissa?
	(A)	50
	(B)	45
	105	62
	(D)	48
	(E)	Answer not known

One of the largest tribal groups in India who speaks Hindi

29.

(A)

(C)

(D)

(E)

Toda

Bhils

Garo

Santals

		on of tribal
popu	llation in India?	
(A)	Meghalaya	
(B)	Nagaland	
(C)		
(D)	Mizoram	
(E)	Answer not known	
In w	hich state the Gadaba tribes are living?	
(A)	Kerala	
(B)	Orissa	
(C)	Andhra	
(D)	Bihar	
(E)	Answer not known	
An e	ex-criminal tribe of West Bengal	
(A)	Muriyas	
(B)	Lodhas	
(C)	Koraga	
(D)	Erukulus	
(E)	Answer not known	30
		percent of
(A)	Manipur	
(B)	Nagaland	
(0)	Mizoram	
(D)	Tripura	
	(A) (B) (C) (E) In w (A) (C) (D) (E) An e (A) (C) (D) (E) Accordation (A) (B) (C) (C) (D) (E)	(B) Nagaland (C) Arunachal Pradesh (D) Mizoram (E) Answer not known In which state the Gadaba tribes are living? (A) Kerala (C) Orissa (C) Andhra (D) Bihar (E) Answer not known An ex-criminal tribe of West Bengal (A) Muriyas (C) Koraga (D) Erukulus (E) Answer not known According to 1991 census, which state shown the highest tribal population? (A) Manipur (B) Nagaland (C) Nagaland (C) Mizoram

(E)

- 37. "Tribe as a socially cohesive unit, associated with a territory, the members of which regard themselves as politically autonomous" was described by
 - (A) Riverx
 - (B) A.C. Krocher
 - G.A. Mitchell
 - (D) A. Bateille
 - (E) Answer not known
- 38. According to whom, before the coming of Aryans, the savage nation was sub-divided into an infinite number of Tribes who had a cruel hatred towards each other
 - (A) Wilson and Wilson
 - Westermarck
 - (C) Risley
 - (D) Hutton
 - (E) Answer not known
- 39. Who classified Science as the Protane part?
 - (A) Durkheim
 - Malinowski
 - (C) Weber
 - (D) Tylor
 - (E) Answer not known

40.	Imita	ative magic is based on the principle of
	(A)	Contact
	(B)	Similarity
	(C)	Dissimilarity
	(D)	Non contact or uncontact
	(E)	Answer not known
41.	Fraz	er labelled all types of Magic as
	(4)	Sympathetic

- (B) Non sympathetic
- (C) Both sympathetic and non sympathetic
- (D) Contagious
- (E) Answer not known
- 42. Which among the following is extremely personal
 - (A) Festival
 - (B) Religion
 - Magic
 - (D) Game
 - (E) Answer not known
- 43. Who gave the law of contact in Magic?
 - Frazer
 - (B) Tylor
 - (C) Muller
 - (D) Malinowski
 - (E) Answer not known

44.	Which among the following means forbidden?					
	(A) (B)	Sorcery Witchcraft Taboo				
	(D) (E)	Magic Answer not known				
45.		se objective is to manipulate the super nature for yielding good or result?				
	(A)	Religion				
	(B)	Magić				
	(C)	Doctor				
	(D)	Scientist				
	(E)	Answer not known				
	97					
46.	assu	ody of techniques and methods for controlling the universe, on the imption that if certain procedures are followed minutely, certain lts are inevitable				
	SAT	Magic				
	(B)	Heating				
	(C)	Watering				

(D)

(E)

Cooling

47.	Prac	tical magic consists of
	(A)	Positive devices
	(B)	Negative devices
	(0)	Positive and Negative devices
	(D)	Neither Positive nor Negative devices
	(E)	Answer not known
48.	The	magic which aims at evil objective is called
	(A)	White magic
	D	Black magic
	(C)	Red magic
	(D)	Blue magic
	(E)	Answer not known
49.	Whic	ch among the following is the method of Compulsion and Command?
	(A)	Religion
	(B)	Magic
	(C)	Both Religion and Magic
	(D)	Medium
	(E)	Answer not known
50.	The	law of similarity of magic is otherwise called as
	(A)	Law of Contagion
		Day of Contagion

Homoeopathic

- (D) Contagious magic
- (E) Answer not known

51.	Sorcery is purely a
	(A) Magic
	Black Magic
	(C) Religion Magic
	(S) White Magic
	(E) Answer not known
52.	Who among the following is a divine personality who exposes to the witch
	(A) Witch doctor
	(B) Shaman
	Both Witch doctor and Shaman
	(D) Doctor
	(E) Answer not known
53.	Who painted out that magic and religion are two components of supernaturalism?
	(A) R.R. Marett
	(B) A.A. Goldenweiser
	R.R. Marett and A.A. Goldenweiser
	(D) E.B. Tylor
	(E) Answer not known
54.	The valid distinction between religion and magic was first pointed out by

- (A) Emile Durkheim
- (B) A.A. Goldenweiser
- (C) R.R. Marett
- Sir james Frazer
- (E) Answer not known

55.	Magic corresponds to the concept of profane as advocated by	
	(A) E.B. Tylor	
	(B) Max Muller	
	Emile Durkheim	
	(D) Herskovits	
	(E) Answer not known	
56.	Who gave the function theory of Religion?	
	(A) Malinowski	
	(B) Radcliffe Brown	
	(C) Max Muller	
	Malinowski & Radcliffe Brown	
	(E) Answer not known	

- 57. Which is the earliest concept towards the religious forwarded by Tylor himself?
 - (A) Monotheism
 - (B) Polytheism
 - Animism
 - (D) Magic
 - (E) Answer not known
- 58. Identify the correct match
 - Animism Tylor
 - (B) Animatism Malinowski
 - (C) Functionalism Max Muller
 - $(D) \quad Naturism-Radcliffe\text{-}Brown$
 - (E) Answer not known

59.	Amo	ng the following what is not properly matched?
	(A)	Mana – Power
	(B)	Mulungu – Supreme creator
	(C)	Orenda – Magic power
	(B)	Pir – Supreme God
	(E)	Answer not known
60.	Relia	gion word derived from
	W	Latin
	(B)	Roman
	(C)	Ġreek
	(D)	Siberian
	(E)	Answer not known
	()	
61.		ch among the following is supposed to punish the breaker of law, if a o is violated?
	(A)	Supreme power
	(B)	Natural power
	(2)	Super natural power
	(D)	Powerful man
	(E)	Answer not known
62.	Mali	nowski and Radcliffe Brown gave a theory of religion called as
	(A)	Naturism theory
	BY	Functional theory
	(C)	Animism theory
	(D)	Manaism theory
	(E)	Answer not known

Anthropology [Turn over

63.	Who	traced two kinds of souls in man?
	(A)	Tylor
	(B)	Spencer
	(0)	Warneck and Wundt
	(D)	Lowie
	(E)	Answer not known
64.	Whi	ch among the following practice is mostly communal?
	(4)	Religion
	(B)	Magic
	(C)	Both Religion and Magic
	(D)	Neither Religion nor Magic
	(E)	Answer not known
65.	Diffe	erent cultures produce
	(A)	same moral codes
	(B)	different moral codes
	(C)	same as well as different moral codes
	(D)	none of the above
	(E)	Answer not known
66.		It is actually a body of principles and rules concerned with the good evil as manifested by conscience?
	(A)	Marriage
	(B)	Morality
	(C)	Magic
	(D)	Kinship
	(E)	Answer not known

67.	Who	postulated a pre-animistic stage?	
	(A)	Prof. R.R. Merett	
	(B)	Prof. Max Muller and Prof. P.T. Preuss	
	(C)	M.J. Herskovits	
	(D)	E.B. Tylor	
	(E)	Answer not known	
68.	Tabo	oo is a	
	(A)	English term	
	(P)	Polynesian term	
	(C) ·	Greek term	
	(D)	French term	
	(E)	Answer not known	
69.	Who	thought that Religion arose out of ancestor worship?	
	(A)	Herbert Spencer	
	(B)	E.B. Tylor	
	(C)	James Frazer	
	(D)	Lowie	
	(E)	Answer not known	
70.		evolved a special form of animatist theory which he asism?	called
	(4)	Marett	

(B)

(C)

(D) (E) Max Muller

Malinowski

Radcliffe-Brown

	(C)	Both Religion and Class	
	(D)	Neither Religion nor Class	2
	(E)	Answer not known	
72.		ch year Durkheim's famous book Elementary Form of Religion	ous Life
	(A)	1920	-
	(B)	1910	
	(C)	1930	
	DY	1912	
	(E)	Answer not known	
73.		belief that people are related to a particular animal, plant or ct by virtue of descent from a common ancestral spirit	r natural
	(A)	Naturalism	
	(B)	Fetishism	
	195	Totemism	
	(D)	Animatism	
	(E)	Answer not known	

Which among the following is in our society though a strong force is yet

71.

variegated phenomena?

Religion

Class

(B)

Anthropology

		23	Anthropology					
	(E)	Answer not known						
	(D)	Great Tradition						
	C	The sacred complex						
	(B)	Little Tradition						
	(A)	The sacred grave						
77.	L.P.	Vidyarthi came out with the concept of						
	(E)	Answer not known						
	(D)	Above all						
	(C)	Cognition						
	(B)	Ethnocentrism						
	(A)	Cultural relativism						
76.	To ju	udge other people's way of life in terms of own cultu lled	ıral view point					
	(E)	Answer not known						
	(10)	S.C. Dube						
	(C)	G.S. Churye						
	(B)	Irawati Karvė	•					
	(A)	Louis Dumont						
75.	The	book titled 'Indian village' (1955) was a significant wo	rk of					
	(E)	Answer not known						
	(D)	Varna emulation						
	(6)	Elite emulation						
	(B)	Jati emulation						
	(A)	Tribal emulation						
74.	Emulating the Brahmin style of life by the lower caste or the emulation of life style of dominant caste of any high varna is called							
	_							

78.	78. The division of a society into two halves on the basis of descent is:					
	(A)	Clam				
	(B)	Phratry				
	(0)	Moiety				
	(D)	Lineage				
	(E)	Answer not known				
79.		nority group which is culturally distinguishable from the majority is vn as				
	(A)	Primitive group				
٠	(B)	Island community				
	(C)	Tribe				
	(D)	Ethnic group				
	(E)	Answer not known				
80.	'Cult	ture is the man made part of environment' Who said this?				
	(A)	Emile Durkheim				
	(B)	E.B. Tylor				
	100	Herskovits				
	(D)	Radcliffe Brown				
	(E)	Answer not known				
81.		ltural group that exists within a dominant culture is best described				
	(A)	Local culture				
	(B)	Universal culture				
		Subculture				
	(D)	Popular culture				
	(E)	Answer not known				
Antl	ropol	ogy 24				

82.	Which of the following statement is true?							
	(A)	Culture and civilization are inter dependent						
	(B)							
	(C)	Culture is older than civilization						
	(D)	Culture is subjective, civilization is objective						
	(E)	Answer not known						
83.	L.H.	Morgan was						
	SAY	An Evolutionist						
	(B)	A Diffusionist						
	· (C)	A Field worker						
	(D)	A Functionalist						
	(E)	Answer not known						
84.	Accu	lturation occurs						
	(A)	When social change occurs						
	(B)							
	(C)	Through Ethnocentrism						
		Cultures come into contact						
	(E)	Answer not known						
85.	Achi	eved status is determined by						
	(A)	Sex						
	(B)	Age						
	(0)	Education						

(D)

(E)

Caste

- 86. Which of the following is an example of a group?
 - (A) Passengers in a bus
 - (B) Cinema audience
 - (C) People in a procession
 - Members of family
 - (E) Answer not known
- 87. Who has viewed that components of social structure are human beings, the structure itself being an arrangement of persons in relationships, institutionally defined and regulated?
 - Radcliffe Brown
 - (B) A.L. Kvoeber
 - (C) Hutton
 - (D) Emile Durkheim
 - (E) Answer not known
- 88. What do you understand by Patriarchal society?
 - A society dominated by men
 - (B) A society dominated by women
 - (C) A society where there is a equality between men and women
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known

89.	Who theo	has developed a general theory for the study society	y called action
	(A)	Mac Iver	
	(B)	Giddens	
	(0)	Talcott Parsons	
	(D)	Emile Durkheim	
	(E)	Answer not known	
	(11)		
90.	Wha	t is the primary function of institutions?	
	(A)	To control human behaviour	
•	(B)	To create Chaos in society	-
	(C)	To encourage individuality	
	(D)	To promote conformity	
	(E)	Answer not known	
91.		ulturation is the process by which a person adoperns of culture he lives in.	ots
	(A)	Lifestyle	
	(B)	Habit	
	(6)	Behaviour	
	(D)	Age	
	(E)	Answer not known	
92.	The	most universal and uniform social institution of the so	ciety
	(A)	Kinship	
	BY	Family	
	(C)	Marriage	
	(D)	Clan	
	(E)	Answer not known	
		27	Anthropology [Turn over

93. An excellent example of tribal organization based on two me found among of Nilgiri Hills.						
	(A)	Koter				
	B	Toda				
	(C)	Kuvumba				
	(D)	Paliyam				
	(E)	Answer not known				
94.	D.N.	Majumdar and T.N. Madan authored book				
	(A)	Race and Culture of India				
	(B)	Caste in Modern India				
	105	An Introduction to Social Anthropology				
	(D)	Tribal Movements in India				
	(E)	Answer not known				
95.	(A) (B) (C)	is an approach to ethnographic analysis in which aeologists make their own observation of present culture. Prehistoric archaeology Historical archaeology Classical archaeology				
	(17)	Ethno archaeology				
	(E)	Answer not known				
96.	Pale	o anthropology interested in				
	(A)	Fossil remains				
	(B)	Child rearing				
	(C)	Marriage practices				
	(D)	Human variation				
	(E)	Answer not known				
Anth	ropol	ogy 28				

97.	The study of human variation within and among different population in time and space is known as which is a sub branch of Physical Anthropology.							
	(A) Demographic studies							
	(B) Population studies							
	Anthropometry							
	(D) None of the above							
	(E) Answer not known							
98.	Cognitive Anthropology is							
	(A) An area of specialization in social cultural anthropology							
	(B) A view point in the analysis of culture							
	An area of specialization in Linguistic anthropolgy							
	(D) A theoretical framework for the study of culture							
	(E) Answer not known							
99.	Osteology means							
	(A) Study of Primates							
	(B) Study of Human body							
	Study of Bones							
	(D) Study of Oceans							
	(E) Answer not known							
100.	One of the following is not the characteristics of culture							
	(A) It preserves features of the past							
	(B) It discard what is socially condemned							
	It is found both in the animal and the human society							
	(D) It is found only in human society							
is.	(E) Answer not known							

- 101. The branch of Anthropology which is not mainly concerned with the social and historical factors
 - (A) Archeological Anthropology
 - (B) Social Anthropology
 - (C) Cultural Anthropology
 - Physical Anthropology
 - (E) Answer not known
- 102. Biological Science containing
 - (A) Zoology and Chemistry
 - (B) Botany and Geology
 - (C) Chemistry and Botany
 - Both Zoology and Botany
 - (E) Answer not known
- 103. Man of which generation comes under the purview of anthropologists?
 - (A) Man of present generation
 - (B) Man of future generation
 - (C) Man of past generation
 - Man of past and present generation
 - (E) Answer not known
- 104. Anthropology intends to understand
 - (A) whole development of man
 - (B) wide variation of culture
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
 - (E) Answer not known

105.		he mid 1900, anthropologist attempted to discover U			
		ern and the common bio-psychological traits that gs. This approach is called	DIIIG	all	numan
	(A)	Ethnology			
	(B)	Ethnography			
	(C)	Culture studies			
	(D)	Evolution studies			
	(E)	Answer not known			
106.	The l	hallmarks of anthropology lies in its			
	(A)	Survey method · ·			
	(B)	Qualitative Research			
	(C)	Applied Research			
	(D)	Operational Research			
	(E)	Answer not known			
107.	The 1	unique approaches of Anthropology			
	(A)	Holistic, Rationalistic and Comparative			
	(B)	Rationalistic, Quantitative and Non-comparative			
	105	Holistic, Relativistic and Comparative			
	(D)	Holistic, Qualitative and Non-Comparative			
	(E)	Answer not known			
108.	Anth	ropologist's attention centres on			
	(A)	Particular Man			
	(B)	Men in Groups			

Particular Women

Answer not known

Particular living being

(C) (D)

(E)

109.	09. The basic designs of logical proof were formulated by							
	(A)	Goode Shaft						
	(B)	Pelto						
	(0)	John Stuckert Mill		**				
	(D)	Merton						
	(E)	Answer not known						
110.		se the right matches among ary and secondary sources:	the	following in connection with the				
	(A)	Experimental	-	the differences are noted and facts causal or otherwise are determined				
	(B)	Ex Post Facto	-	status of facts and conditions are ascertained				
	(C)	Descriptive	-	tapped with emphasis on internal criticism.				
	(D)	Historical	-	a variable is manipulated to see its effect on other variable				
	(E)	Answer not known						

111. Which of the following example explains that Anthropologist work in the field of Tourism?

32

- (A) Dealing with project related to heritage building
- (B) Dealing with project related to monument
- (A) and (B)
- (D) Dealing with project related to sight seeing
- (E) Answer not known

112.	Techniques for collection of Primary Data are used						
	(A)	Lottery method					
	(B)	Census and sample method					
	(C)	Table of random method					
	(D)	Systematic enquiry					
	(E)	Answer not known					
113.		ch word we commonly used to denote the descriptive account of the way of life of the people at a given time?					
	(A)	Ethnography					
	(B)	Ergonany					
	(C)	Ethnology					
	(D)	None of the above					
	(E)	Answer not known					
114.	The	study of population is a subject of interest of					
	(A)	Sociologists					
	(B)	Anthropologist					
	(C)	Biologist					
	(D)	Demographers					
	(E)	Answer not known					
115.		study of all integrational systems must be generic therefore rically oriented' – Who said this?					
	(A)	Ely Chinoy					
	(B)	Hans Gerten					
	(C)	Raymond Firth					
	(D)	Abram Kardinev					
	(E)	Answer not known					

116.	Who	keep	himself	engaged	in	portraying	different	aspects	in	a	chosen
	societ	ty?									

- (A) Ecologist
- Ethnographer
- (C) Industrialist
- (D) Biologist
- (E) Answer not known

117. The Book "Social Theory and Social Structure" written by

- (A) Levi-struss
- (B) Oscar Lewis
- R.K. Merton
- (D) Warner
- (E) Answer not known

118. Who is the author of the Book Social Theory and Social Structure?

- (A) Pelto
- (B) P.V. Young
- R.K. Merton
- (D) A.L. Kroeber
- (E) Answer not known

119. FAO stands for

- Food and Agricultural Organization
- (B) Food and American Organization
- (C) Family and Agricultural Organization
- (D) Family and American Organization
- (E) Answer not known

- 120. Which among the following uses the theories, methods and ethnographic research to explore and solve human problem?
 - (A) Physical Anthropology
 - (B) Symbol Anthropology
 - M Applied Anthropology
 - (D) Economic Anthropology
 - (E) Answer not known
- 121. Which among the following anthropologist may be employed in effort to improve the lives of peoples?
 - (A) Physical Anthropologist
 - (B) Biological Anthropologist
 - Applied Anthropologist
 - (D) Social Anthropologist
 - (E) Answer not known
- 122. Determination of Gender from the Pelvic skeletal remains is related to
 - (A) Medical Anthropology
 - (B) Applied Anthropology
 - Forensic Anthropology
 - (D) Criminology
 - (E) Answer not known

123.	In which year the National Forest Policy enunciated by the Government of India?					
	(A)	1950				
	(B)	1946				
	(C)	1956				
	(D)	1952				
	(E)	Answer not known				
124.	Applied Anthropology focuses on practising anthropology in areas su as					
	(A)	Communities and Groups	•			
	(B)	Organization and Business				
	50	(A) and (B)				
	(D)	None of the above	4.			
	(E)	Answer not known				
125.	Paternity and Maternity study is the subject matter of					
	(A).	Forensic Anthropology				
	(B)	Nutritional Anthropology	1819			
	(C)	Biology				
	(D)	Zoology				
	(E)	Answer not known				
126.	The	Nuer tribe of Sudan follows which political system?				
	(A)	Hereditary				
	(B)	Tertiary				
	(0)	Segmentary				
	(D)	Patriarchy				
	(E)	Answer not known				

127.	A band	is	typically	with

- 25 to 150 individuals
- (B) 25 to 150 nuclear families
- (C) 25 to 150 joint families
- (D) 25 to 150 extended families
- (E) Answer not known
- 128. When the Supreme power of the state is vested in the hands of a small, exclusive class?
 - (A) Gerontocracy
 - (B) Theocracy
 - (C) Monarchy
 - Oligarchy
 - (E) Answer not known
- 129. An urban man is under the control of
 - (A) Family and Panchayat
 - Low enforcing agencies of the government
 - (C) Caste and Class
 - (D) Kinship and Religion
 - (E) Answer not known
- 130. Who is the more often referred to as a Fore-father of Political Anthropology?
 - (A) Dalton
 - A.R. Radcliffe-Brown
 - (C) Le Clair
 - (D) Raymond Firth
 - (E) Answer not known

131.	Political	Anthropo.	ngv	is
101.	T OILCICAL	randinopo.	ugy	TÓ

- (A) A branch of New Political Science
- (B) An independent branch of anthropology

A specialized area of study in social cultural anthropology

- (D) None of the above
- (E) Answer not known
- 132. "Law consists of a set of principles which permit the use of force to maintain political organization"... Who said this....
 - (A) Evans Pritchard
 - (B) L.P. Vidarthi
 - Majumdar and Madan
 - (D) Red-Cliffe Brown
 - (E) Answer not known
- 133. A group of 10(ten) villages went under the leadership of
 - (A) Gramini
 - 🔑 Dasa gramini
 - (C) Vimsatipa
 - (D) Sata gramini
 - (E) Answer not known
- 134. In which the political system is characterised by the following elements?
 - (A) legitimate force
 - (B) comprehensiveness
 - (C) interdependency
 - (A), (B), (C) all above are correct
 - (E) Answer not known

	(1)	Kung and Inuit
	(B)	Mbuti and Tiwi
	(C)	Tiviki and Toda
	(D)	Jats and Kallars
	(E)	Answer not known
136.	Whic	ch one is not a type of reciprocity?
	(A)	Generalised reciprocity
	(B)	Symmetrical reciprocity
	(C)	Negative reciprocity
	(D)	Positive reciprocity
	(E)	Answer not known
137.	Who	studied Tikopoem Economy?
	(A)	B. Mulinowski
	(B)	Levi-Struss
	(0)	Raymond Fivth
	(D)	G. Dalton
	(E)	Answer not known
138.	The	oldest production system associated with human population is
	(A)	slash and burn cultivation
	(B)	horticulture
	(C)	pastoralism
	(D)	hunting and gathering
	(E)	Answer not known

135. Who are considered as egalitarian societies?

139.	Hunter-gatherers	are

- (A) totally isolated from other socio-economic groups
- (B) don't exploit and manipulate their environment
- in regular contact with other types of socio-economic systems
- (D) non-existent in the globlaized world
- (E) Answer not known

140. The book "Argonauts of the Western Pacific" - written by

- (A) Ruth-Benedict
- (B) Evans Pritchard
- Bronislaw Malinowski
- (D) Tylor
- (E) Answer not known
- 141. The term refers to how commodities are distributed among the people of a society
 - Exchange
 - (B) Production
 - (C) Consumption
 - (D) Resource allocation
 - (E) Answer not known
- 142. Which of the following statements is true concerning non-market economics?
 - They are typically found in small-scale, isolated societies
 - (B) There usually is high level of technological knowledge
 - (C) Large scale collaboration on subsistence job is common
 - (D) All of the above
 - (E) Answer not known

- 143. Which of the following occurred at traditional Kwakiuti potlatch?
 - (A) high ranking influential guests were seated according to their status
 - (B) the host made speeches and dramatically gave gifts to the guests
 - (C) the host destroyed things of value
 - all of the above
 - (E) Answer not known
- 144. Who among the following was on the opinion that 'a gift is a social substitute for money among moneyless cultures?
 - Ogburn Ogburn
 - (B) Mauss
 - (C) Frazer
 - (D) Polyani
 - (E) Answer not known
- 145. Trobriand islands is situated in
 - (A) America
 - (B) Japan
 - New Guinea
 - (D) Europe
 - (E) Answer not known

146.		circulating exchange of valuables in the Archielagoes of Eastern Guinea?
	(A)	Kwakitul
	(B)	Polatch
	(0)	Kula
	(D)	Barter
	(E)	Answer not known
147.	Who	says the foragers are an affluent society?
	(A)	Karl Polyani
•	(B)	Raymond Firth
	(C)	Marcel Mauss
	(D)	Marshall Sahlins
	(E)	Answer not known
148.	Joki	ng Relationships exist between:
	(A)	A male and a woman
	(B)	Parallel cousins
	10)	A woman and her Husband's younger brothers
	(D)	A brother and his sister
	(E)	Answer not known
149.		relationship between people who descend from a common ancestor
	but a	are not in a direct line
	(A)	collateral kinship
	(B)	lineal kinship
	(C)	kindred
	(D)	cognates
	(E)	Answer not known

150.	Iden	tify the non-essential functions of the family
	A	Political
	(B)	Sexual
	(C)	Socialization
	(D)	Reproduction
	(E)	Answer not known
151.	The	book "The Elementary structures of kinship" was written by
	(A)	Claude Levi-Strauss
	(B)	Michael G.Polatz
	(C)	Jack Goody
	(D)	Evans-Pritchard
	(E)	Answer not known
152.		inship system based on patriarchy where inheritance status, ority or property is traced through males only
	(A)	Matrilineal descent
	(B)	Patrilineal descent
	(C)	Ambilical descent
	(D)	Unilineal descent
-	(E)	Answer not known
153.	Exar	nples of societies with matrilineal descent
	(A)	Khasis of North East India
	(B)	Nayars of South India
	(0)	Both (A) and (B) are correct
	(D)	Both (A) and (B) are wrong
	(E)	Answer not known

7 - 4	A 1 * C	•		0	1 .	
154.	A bifurcate	merging	system	of.	kıns.	hip

- (A) Dravidian kinship
- (B) Eskimo kinship
- M Omaha kinship
- (D) Crow kinship
- (E) Answer not known
- 155. The family which is formed when divorced or widowed parents who have children marry
 - (A) Sub-nuclear family
 - (B) Extended family
 - (C) Family by choice
 - Blended family
 - (E) Answer not known
- 156. One of the following is not an Universal factor of family structure?
 - (A) The women have the children
 - (B) The men impregnate the women
 - (C) Primary kin do not mate with each other
 - Property inherits through male line
 - (E) Answer not known
- 157. Which type of polyandry system the Khasas of Jaunsar Bawar in U.P. practising?
 - (A) Fraternal
 - (B) Polygamy
 - Non-fraternal
 - (D) Sororal polygyny
 - (E) Answer not known

158.	When	the	husband	of	a	woman	are	father	and	son	such	a	marriage	is
	known	as												

- (A) Fraternal polyandry
- (B) Adlephic polyandry
- Familial polyandry
- (D) Polygynandry
- (E) Answer not known

159. The book "Structure and Function in Primitive Society" - written by

- A.R. Radcliffe Brown
- (B) E.E. Evans-Pritchard .
- (C) Fred Eggan
- (D) B. Malinowski
- (E) Answer not known

160. The marriage of daughter in a superior family is called as

- (A) Taravad
- Hypergamy
- (C) Sororate
- (D) Levirate
- (E) Answer not known

161. Marriage by negotiation is a very frequently practiced way of acquiring mate among

- (A) Kamars of Madhya Pradesh
- (B) Nagas of Nagaland
- (C) Karbis of Assam
- The Hindu Society of India
- (E) Answer not known

- 162. The anthropologist who argues that marriage payments are 'tokens' in systems of delayed reciprocity?
 - (A) Meillassoux
 - Levi-Strauss
 - (C) Jack Goody
 - (D) Malinowski
 - (E) Answer not known
- 163. If the relationship between one person and another is considered by them to involve descent, the two are related as
 - (A) affines
 - consanguines
 - (C) kindred
 - (D) age-set
 - (E) Answer not known
- 164. One of the following societies wherein we don't find the people marry at all
 - (A) Trobriand Islanders
 - Na in South West China
 - (C) Sentinelese in Andaman
 - (D) Amish
 - (E) Answer not known

165.	The	societies which practice both the levirate and sororate
	(A)	Arab camel nomads
	(B)	Bedouins
	(C)	Chiri cahua Apache
	(D)	Karieras
	(E)	Answer not known
166.		riage between status unequals in which a male is of higher status the female is referred as:
	(A)	Monogamy
	(B)	Polýgamy
	(C)	Hypogyny
	(D)	Hypergyny
	(E)	Answer not known
167.	Marı	riage outside the group is:
	(A)	Monogamy
	(B)	Polygamy
	(C)	Endogamy
	(D)	Exogamy
	(E)	Answer not known
168.	How nucle	many chromosomes does normal human somatic cell has other than eus?
	(A)	23
	(B)	46
	(C)	56
	(D)	70
	(E)	Answer not known

- How many racial element in the population of India as per B.S. Guha?
 Six
 (B) Five
 (C) Four
 - (D) Ten(E) Answer not known
- 170. Which of the following is the characteristic of face?
 - (I) Potentially capable of interbreeding
 - (II) · Potentially incapable of interbreeding
 - (III) Reproductivily isolated
 - (IV) Reproductivity not isolated
 - (A) (I), (II), (III), (IV)
 - (B) (I), (II), (III),
 - (I), (III)
 - (D) (II), (IV)
 - (E) Answer not known
- 171. Prognathism is the Protrusion of the
 - Jaw
 - (B) Nose
 - (C) Ear
 - (D) Teeth
 - (E) Answer not known

172.		rding to whom "Understanding of the comparative human anatomy sential" to explain Race?
		•
	(A)	Vagel
	(B)	Dobzhansky Washburn
	(D)	Mayr
	(E)	Answer not known
	(12)	TMISWOT HOURINGWIT
173.	Leio	trichous, cymotrichous and ulotrichous are different
	(A)	colour of hair
	(B)	form of hair
	(C)	texture of hair
	(D)	None of the above
	(E)	Answer not known
174.	Who	among the following found that Apes were the closet kin of man?
	(4)	Galen
	(B)	Aristotle
	(C)	Hippocrates
	(D)	Herodotus
	(E)	Answer not known
175.	Men calle	del explained inheritance in terms of discrete hereditary factors
	(A)	Cell
	(B)	Tissue
	(0)	Gene
	(D)	Ribosome
	(E)	Answer not known

176.	DNA	is organized into long structure called
	(A)	Gene
	(B)	Chromosome
	(C)	Ribosome
	(D)	Nucleus
	(E)	Answer not known
177.	Negr	oids falls in which types of skin colour?
	(A)	Leucoderms
	(B)	Xanthoderms

178. Epicanthic fold is present in

(D) None of the above

Answer not known

Melanoderms

- Mongoloid
- (B) Negroid

(E)

- (C) Caucasoid
- (D) Both mangoloid and Negroid
- (E) Answer not known
- 179. Who is the father of genetics?
 - (A) De Vries
 - (B) Correns
 - (C) Tschermark
 - Mendel
 - (E) Answer not known

180.		excluded the negroids of Andaman Islands as According to him, to do with the people of India?
	(4)	H.H. Risley
	(B)	S.S. Sarkar
	(C)	B.S. Guha
	(D)	Ashley Montagy
	(E)	Answer not known
181.	Exar	mple of Multiple Alleles is
	(A)	ABO blood type
,	(B) ·	Hair colour · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(C)	Nail size
	(D)	Body height
	(E)	Answer not known
182.	The	Quest in the study of man got a new dimensions, with the advent of
	(A)	Darwinian theory of Biological evolution
	(B)	Introduction of new Archeology
	(0)	Both Darwinian theory and introduction of new Aracheology
	(D)	Mutation theory
	(E)	Answer not known
183.	Who	is the author of caste and Race in India?
	(A)	D.N. Majundar
	(B)	L.P. Vidyarthi
	(0)	Ghurye
	(D)	Herbert Risley
	(E)	Answer not known

184.	Who	grouped	man	along	with	apes	on	the	basis	of	close	physical
	similarity between them?											

- (A) Lamarck
- Carl Linnaeus
- (C) Erasmus Darwin
- (D) Bonnet
- (E) Answer not known

185. Neo Darwinism is called as

- (A) Catastrophic theory of evolution
- Synthetic theory of evolution
- (C) Special creation theory of evolution
- (D) Lamarch theory of evolution
- (E) Answer not known
- 186. A group of scientist has studied Lamarck's theory and has supported its modified form is known as
 - W Neo-Lamarckism
 - (B) Synthetic theory
 - (C) Neo-Darwinism
 - (D) Natural Selection
 - (E) Answer not known
- 187. Which of the following is the study of inherited character?
 - (A) Human biology
 - (B) Human Physiology
 - Human Genetics
 - (D) Human Cytology
 - (E) Answer not known

188.		study of human evolution and cts of	human variation are	two principles
	(A)	Chemical Anthropology		
	(Pi)	Physical Anthropology		
	(C)	Social Anthropology		
	(D)	Cultural Anthropology		
	(E)	Answer not known		
	(22)			
189.	Who of ce	among the following observed lls?	that all living things	are consructed
	(A)	Morgan -		•
	(B)	Mendle		
	(0)	Schwann Schleiden		
	(D)	Darwin		
	(E)	Answer not known		
190.	Stru	ggle for existences was explaine	by	
	(A)	Lamarck		
	(B)	Morgan		
	(C)	Mendle		
	Di	Darwin		
	(E)	Answer not known		
	• /			* *
191.	The	evolutionary transformation of l	hominoids into Homini	ds is called as
	(A)	Evolutionary process		
	(B)	Hominization process		
	(C)	Socialization process		
	(D)	Modernization process		
	(E)	Answer not known		
		53		Anthropology

- 192. Which of the following is the characteristic of Chimpanzee?
 - (I) Live in band of 8 or 9 individuals
 - (II) Expert in climbing and brachiating
 - (III) Found in tropical forest and Africa
 - (IV) Cranial capacity is above 400 CC
 - (A) (I), (II) only
 - (B) (III), (IV) only
 - (C) (I), (III), (IV) only
 - (I), (II), (III), (IV)
 - (E) Answer not known
- 193. Most of the fossil remains of oligocene epoch are from
 - (A) Europe
 - (B) Asia
 - Africa
 - (D) America
 - (E) Answer not known
- 194. Man belongs to which category
 - (A) Protozoa
 - (B) Unicellular
 - Metazoa
 - (D) Invertebrates
 - (E) Answer not known

- 195. Which of the following is True about Apes?
 - (I) Great toe is opposable
 - (II) Great toe is well developed
 - (III) Lateral toes are well developed
 - (IV) Third digit is the largest digit
 - (A) (I), (II), (III), (IV)
 - (I), (III), (IV)
 - (C) (I), (II), (III)
 - (D) (I), (II), (IV)
 - (E) Answer not known
- 196. Who among the following are the critics of Darwin's theory?
 - (A) Sir Richard Owen
 - (B) Adam Sedgwick
 - (C) Wallace
 - Sir Richard Owen and Adam Sedgwick
 - (E) Answer not known
- 197. Ethnology is the
 - (A) Study of Human evolution
 - Study of Human diversities
 - (C) Study of Genetics
 - (D) Study of fossils
 - (E) Answer not known

198.	Father of Genetics	
	(A)	Charles Darwin
	(B)	Lamarck
	(0)	Gregor Mendel
	(D)	Huxley
	(E)	Answer not known
199.	Physical Anthropology is the branch most closely related to	
	(1)	biology
	(B)	zoology
	(C)	genomic studies
	(D)	evolution
	(E)	Answer not known
200.	Pale	opathology is the study of
	(A)	Human biology
	(B)	Animal disease
	(0)	History of human disease
	(D)	Past living things
	(E)	Answer not known