

# Mathematics

## DEGREE STANDARD

### UNIT I

#### Basic Mathematics:

Binomial, Exponential, Logarithmic series, summation of infinite series and approximation problems. L'Hospital's rule, point wise convergence of sequence of functions, uniform convergence of sequences of functions, Consequences of Uniform convergence, Taylor's series.

#### Theory of numbers :

Prime and Composite numbers - Decomposition of composite number, Divisor of  $N$ , Euler function ( $\phi(N)$ ), Highest power of prime  $p$  contained in  $N$ . Divisibility of the product of  $r$  consecutive integers by  $r!$  Fermat's & Wilson's Theorems.

#### Vector Spaces & Inner product spaces :

Definitions and equation of Vector space, subspace, linear Independence - bases - Dimension, Dual spaces, Inner products Spaces Orthogonality - Orthogonal complement.

### UNIT II

#### ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY:

Pairs of Straight lines - Angle between them - related problems - conditions for second degree equation to represent pair of straight line or Circle - System of Circles - Orthogonal and Coaxial system - Radical axis and radical centre - Limiting point - conics - parabola, ellipse and hyperbola - polar equations to straight line, circle and conic.

#### Dimensions :

Equation of a sphere with given centre and radius - General form of the equation of a sphere - Diameter from - Circular section, tangent plane to a sphere - Radical plane - Coaxial system of spheres - Orthogonality - Equation of a Cone with its Vertex at the origin - Equation of a quadratic cone with given vertex and given guiding curve - necessary and sufficient condition for a general second degree equation to represent a cone, right circular cone - equation of enveloping cone - general equation of a cylinder - right circular cylinder.

### UNIT III

#### CALCULUS:

##### Differential:-

Higher order derivatives Leibnitz's theorem - simple problems using the above theorem. Maxima and Minima - conditions for external value - Standard function only - curvature - radius of curvature (Cartesian Co-ordinates only)

##### Partial Differentiation:

Total differentiation Coefficient, Value of  $dy/dx$  and  $d^2y/dx^2$  in case of implicit functions in  $x$  and  $y$  in terms of partial derivatives, Total differential, Jacobians.

##### Integral:

Methods of integration, Integration of rational and irrational algebraic functions, Bernoulli's formula for Integration by parts, reduction formulae - properties of definite Integrals.

Evaluation of double and triple integrals, change of order of integration, Double Integrals in polar Co-ordinates, application of double & triple Integrals to area, volume. Evaluation of Definite integrals using Beta and gamma functions.

### UNIT IV

#### STATICS:

Gradient, Divergence, Curl, solenoidal & irrotational vectors, Directional derivative, Unit vector normal to a surface, tangent and normal planes to a surface, expansion formulae, Ordinary integrals of Vectors, line integrals, surface integrals and volume Integrals. Gauss's theorem, Green's theorems.

Parallelogram and Triangle laws of force, Lamis theorem, parallel forces, moments, couples, three forces acting on a rigid body, conditions for equilibrium of Co-planar forces.

Forces in 3 dimensions, Invariance of  $F^2$ , Friction, Centre of Gravity, method of symmetry for uniform bodies like thin rod, thin parallelogram, Circular ring & lamina triangular lamina, trapezium lamina.

## UNIT V

### REAL ANALYSIS:

Set and functions, sequences of real numbers - Definition, Limit, Convergent and divergent sequences, bounded sequences, monotonic sequence, series of real numbers, limit superior, Limit inferior, Cauchy, Sequence, convergent & divergent sequence, series with non-negative terms, alternating series.

Series of real numbers:

rearrangement of series, Tests of absolute Convergence.

Limits & metric spaces:

Limit of a function on the real line, metric spaces, limits in metric spaces. Continuous functions on metric spaces, functions continuous at a point on the real line, reformulation, function continuous on a metric space, open sets, closed sets, Discontinuous functions on 'R' Connectedness, Completeness and Compactness.

## UNIT VI

### OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND LINEAR PROGRAMMING:

Origin and development of O.R. - Nature and characteristics of O.R. Models in O.R. General solutions, methods for O.R. models - uses and limitations of O.R.

Linear Programming:

Formulation of problems, Graphical solution - standard form. Definition of basic solution. degenerate Simplex method, Definition of artificial variable.

Transportation problem:

Definition solutions to transport problem - initial feasible solution - optimality test - Degeneracy -

Travelling sales man problem

Sequencing:

Processing n jobs through m machines.

## UNIT VII

### ALGEBRA:

Set theory - Relations - types of relations - Venn diagram - Groups - Sub group - order of an element - cyclic groups - normal groups-quotient groups - order of a Group Lagrange's theorem - homomorphism, automorphisms, Cayley's theorem of permutation groups.

Rings:

Definition, examples - special classes of rings - Homomorphism, ideals and quotient rings - field of quotients of an integral domain - Euclidean rings.

Matrices:

Types of matrices - operation on matrices, singular and non singular matrices - Rank of a matrix and consistency of equation, eigen values & eigen vectors. Cayley - Hamilton theorem. Similar matrices, Diagonalisation of a matrix.

## UNIT VIII

### DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY:

Curvature, Radius and centre of curvature in Cartesian Co-ordinates, Evaluate - curvature in Polar Co-ordinates, p-r equations, Angle between radius vector and tangent, Angle of intersection of two curves. Pedal equation of a curve, Envelopes, Asymptotes.

Polar Co-ordinates :

Equations of straight line, Circle in polars - equations of tangent, normal & polar Equations of Conics in polars - equations of tangent, normal, polar & asymptotes.

## UNIT IX

### DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:

Ordinary differential equations - first order but not of first degree. Total differential equation  $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$ , second order differential equations with constant Co-efficients. P.I. for the polynomials and  $e^{ax}$ , where V is  $X^n$ ,  $\cos mx$ ,  $\sin mx$ , n and m are constants. Differential equations of second order with variable Co-efficients. Partial differential equations - formation of partial differential equations by elimination - Laplace transforms - Inverse laplace transform.

## UNIT X

### Dynamics:

Virtual displacement, Principle of Virtual work.

### Kinematic:

Velocity, Acceleration, components of velocity and acceleration work power, energy, Rectilinear motion - motion with constant acceleration - motion under gravity - motion along an inclined plane, motion under gravity in a resisting medium.

### Impulsive forces and Impact:

Impulsive forces and Impact, Principles of Conservation of linear momentum, Collision of two smooth spheres - Direct impact of sphere on a fixed plane.

Projectiles: Two dimensions motion of a particle - projectile, range on a horizontal plane - range on an inclined plane.

### Circular motion of a particle:

Motion of a particle constrained to move along a smooth verticle circle under gravity - circular pendulum - simpel pendulum.

### Moments of Inertia:

Momentsof Inertia of simple bodies of paralle and perpendicular axed theorem. Motion of a rigid body about a fixed axis.

## UNIT XI

### STATISTICS:

Frequency distributions - Graphs of frequency distribution, measures of central tendency, measures of dispresion, normal probability curve, skewness, kur tosis, Probability - Addition and multiplicaiton theorem. Baye's theorem.

### Probability Distributions :

Binomial, Poisson, Normal Bivariate data, Curve fitting - Method of least squares. Correlation and regression Coefficient - Regression lines - rank Correlation. Test of hypothesis - uses of X<sup>2</sup> - F tests - Tests involving means - Variances and proportions test of fit, test of independence in contingency table.