Syllabus for the Post of Social Case Work Expert (UG Standard)

Social Work
Basic Concepts, History, Methods and Fields

Unit - I

Unit - II

Social Service

Unit – III


UNIT – IV


NGOs: Definition, Objectives and Scope – Types (NGO, NPO, INGO, CBO), Activities (Service Delivery, Relief, Rehabilitation, Capacity – Building, Advocacy) – Advantages and Limitations of NGOs. Target Groups: Families, Children, Youth, Elderly, Mentally ill, Disabled, Women, Dalits, Tribal Persons, Chronically ill.

SOCIAL SCIENCE

UNIT - V

Social Science as an approach to the study of Society - Structural, Functional and Conflict perspectives in understanding society. Social Stratification and Social Mobility; Individual and Society, Socialization; Caste and class in India, Changing patterns in society, social control as a process, agents of social control, social change and social movements specific to Tamil Nadu, gender roles. Culture - definition, components of
culture - material and non-material, role and functions of culture, cultural lag, folkways, mores, values and norms, Social Issues - Unemployment, Corruption, Violence, Violence against women and children, gender discrimination, domestic violence, juvenile delinquency, child abuse, migration and displacement, problems of refugees.

UNIT - VI

Social Psychology: Definition and meaning, Personality- definition, theories related to structure and development of personality.
Economics: State Programmes for rural, urban and tribal development, Impact of Globalization on development in India, Role of Panchayat Raj institutions in Tamil Nadu in the development process, Role and contribution of NGOs in development. Approaches in development, Indicators of Development.
Political Science: Need and importance, types of social policy, Constitution as a major source of policy planning in India. Major policies related to health, women, children, youth and environment.

SOCIOLOGY

UNIT – VII

Marriage: Functions of marriage – Forms of marriage: Polygyny, Polyandry, Monogamy, Endogamy, Exogamy
Social Groups: Meaning and Characteristics of Social groups – Classification of Social groups and their importance – In-groups and Out groups – Primary and Secondary groups – Reference groups – Peer groups
Socialization: Meaning of Socialization – Primary Socialization – Anticipatory Socialization – Adult Socialization – Re-socialization – Agencies of Socialization

UNIT - VIII

SOCIAL PROBLEMS: Definition and Characteristics-Social Disorganization - Characteristics of Social Disorganization - Causes of Social Disorganization- Difference
between Social problem and Social disorganization - Approaches to social problems – deviance – labeling –disorganization - subculture.

**Socio cultural problems:** AIDS - Alcoholisms and Drug addiction - prostitution, beggary – causes – consequences - remedial measures

**Problems of vulnerable groups:** Child marriage - female infanticide - sex selective abortion - dowry deaths - Rape – Domestic Violence

**Policies for prevention and welfare measures:** Child welfare - Youth welfare -Welfare of the aged and disabled - Government, NGO’s and community role in prevention and reducing social problems.

**CRIMINOLOGY**

**UNIT- IX**


**UNIT – X**


**ANDRAGOGY**

**UNIT – XI**

**ADULT EDUCATION:** Andragogy: Concept, Principles, Assumptions, Barriers and Motivators. Difference between Andragogy and Pedagogy. Adult education – Concept and Definition, Principles – Types – Training Methods in Adult Education: Lecture,


**UNIT – XII**

**FIELDS OF ADULT EDUCATION** : Environmental Education: Need and Importance – Environmental Resources – Environmental Hazards and Disasters - Environmental Pollution (Air, Water, Soil, Sound).


Guidance and Counselling: Need and Importance, Process –Guidance for Adult Learning and Socio- Emotional Development of Adults –Life Skills – Counselling Techniques and Skills – Role of Counsellor.