Question Booklet Code :	are a	Register		
		Number		

2019 SOCIAL WORK

Time Allowed: 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 300

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- The applicant will be supplied with Question Booklet 15 minutes before commencement of the examination.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 200 questions. Prior to attempting to answer, the candidates are requested to check whether all the questions are there in series and ensure there are no blank pages in the question booklet. In case any defect in the Question Paper is noticed, it shall be reported to the Invigilator within first 10 minutes and get it replaced with a complete Question Booklet. If any defect is noticed in the Question Booklet after the commencement of examination, it will not be replaced.
- Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. You must write your Register Number in the space provided on the top right side of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- 5. An answer sheet will be supplied to you, separately by the Room Invigilator to mark the answers.
- 6. You will also encode your Question Booklet Code with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen in the space provided on the side 2 of the Answer Sheet. If you do not encode properly or fail to encode the above information, action will be taken as per Commission's notification.
- 7. Each question comprises four responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). You are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in your Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there are more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each question. Your total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- 8. In the Answer Sheet there are four circles (A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. To answer the questions you are to mark with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen ONLY ONE circle of your choice for each question. Select one response for each question in the Question Booklet and mark in the Answer Sheet. If you mark more than one answer for one question, the answer will be treated as wrong. e.g. If for any item, (B) is the correct answer, you have to mark as follows:



- 9. You should not remove or tear off any sheet from this Question Booklet. You are not allowed to take this Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall during the time of examination. After the examination is concluded, you must hand over your Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. You are allowed to take the Question Booklet with you only after the Examination is over.
- 10. Do not make any marking in the question booklet except in the sheet before the last page of the question booklet, which can be used for rough work. This should be strictly adhered.
- 11. Applicants have to write and shade the total number of answer fields left blank on the boxes provided at side 2 of OMR Answer Sheet. An extra time of 5 minutes will be given to specify the number of answer fields left blank.
- 12. Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render you liable to such action or penalty as the Commission may decide at their discretion.

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1.		community is the smallest territorial group that can embrace all aspects of all life" was said by					
	(1)	Kingsley Davis (B) C.H. Cooley					
	(C)	A.J. Christopher (D) R.M. Mac Iver					
2.	Whic	ch one of the following is not promoted for rural development services?					
	(A)	Council for advancement of rural technology					
	(B)	National Institute of rural development					
	(C)	Mac Iver Land Resources conservation and development corporation					
		Welfare Extension Projects					
3.	Whic	ch one of the following is <u>not</u> the objective of Rural development?					
	(A)	Increase in economic growth					
	(B)	Improvement in the distribution of income					
	(C)	Political and economic freedom					
	B	Lack of accessibility to resources					
4.	Whic	ch one of the following is <u>not</u> a basic element of rural development?					
	(A)	Basic necessities of life (B) Self respect					
	(C)	Freedom Social inequality					
5.	Whic	ch one of the following is <u>not</u> part of national agriculture policy, 2000?					
	(A)	Sustainable agriculture (B) Food and nutritional security					
	(C)	Animal husbandry Investments in industry					
6.	Acco	rding to census of India definition, urban refers to					
	(A)	A maximum population of 5000					
	(2)	75% male working in non agricultural pursuits					
	(C)	Density of population of atleast 4000 per sq km					
	(D)	Male population working in agricultural sector					
		그는 그들도 가장하면 하지만 하는데 그리고 이 방에 되어 있는 그 그리고 한 이 전 함께 없었다.					

7.	The	three-tier systems of Panchayat Ray	in In	dia includes
	(i)	Gram Panchayat		
	(ii)	Panchayat Samiti		
	(iii)	Zila Parishad		
	(iv)	Zonal Panchayat		
	(A)	(i), (ii) and (iv)	(B)	(i), (iii) and (iv)
	V	(i), (ii) and (iii)	(D)	(ii),(iii) and (iv)
8.	Cha	racteristics of Tribal community are		
0.	(i)	Common Topography		
	(ii)	Common Dialect		
	(iii)	Sense of unity		
	(iv)	Endogamous group		
	(A)	(i), (ii) and (iii)	(B)	(ii),(iii) and (iv)
	S	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (iii) and (iv)
9.	Acco	ording to the National fourth policy———years.	2014	, youth in India is in the age between
	(A)	13-35 years	(3)	15-29 years
	(C)	10-19 years	(D)	13-19 years
10.	Whi	ch of these institutions is incorrectly	moto	hod?
10.	(A)	NIEPMD		Chennai
	(B)	NIMHANS		Bangalore
	10	Ali Yamur Yung National Institut	e	- ungure
		for the Hearing Handicapped	_	Dehradhun
	(D)	NIMH		Secundrabad
11.	The	maintenance and welfare of parent	ts and	Senior Citizens act was passed in the
	year			
	(A)	1997	(B)	2004
	(C)	2006	VOT	2007

12.	conn	used the term 'Primary gracted by ties of an emotionally invo		o refer to a small association of people nature.
	(A)	Taseland & Rivas	18)	Cooley C.H.
	(C)	Mills	(D)	Man heim
13.	Wha	at does FIRO stand for?	* 4.	
	(A)	Frequent Interpersonal Relations	Orien	ntation
	(5)	Fundamental Interpersonal Relat	tions (Drientation
	(C)	Fundamental Interaction Relation	nship	Orientation
	(D)	Frequent Interaction Relations O	rienta	tion
14.		selecting additional units at even		ned by selecting one unit at random and ced intervals until the sample has beer
	1	Systematic sampling	(B)	Disproportional stratified sampling
	(C)	Simple Random sampling	(D)	Cluster sampling
15.	Prin	ciple of Solution Focused Group Wo	rn (SF	FGW) was introduced by ————
	(A)	Konopka	(B)	Etta Saloshin
	(C)	Trecker	100	Shary
16.	Who	is the father of Group Dynamics?		
	(A)	Tuchman	(B)	John Ingan
	(0)	Kurt Lewin	(D)	H.Y. Siddiqui
17.	Whic	ch one of the following is <u>not</u> a char	acteris	stic of a healthy family?
	(A)	display of Love	(B)	ability to cope with problems
	(C)	communication of values	1	low self-worth
18.		——— described the stages of group	deve	lopment in the year 1963.
	(1)	Tuckman	(B)	Bales
	(C)	Trecker	(D)	Northern & Kurland

19. Games people play: The Psychology of Human Relationships is a book			n Relationships is a book authored by	
	(A)	Arthur Dunham		
	(B)	F.W. Taylor		
	1	Eric Berne		
	(D)	Jane Adams		
20.	The	Charity Organization Society (COS)	, USA	A was established in
	(A)	1869	(B)	1818
	(C)	1877	(D)	1900
21.	Who	was an early pioneer in the settlem	ent h	ouse movement in London?
	M	Jane Addams		
	(B)	G.H. Mead		
	(C)	Mary E. Richmond		
	(D)	H.B. Trecker		
22.	Effec	ctiveness of social case work was stu	died l	by
	(A)	Mary Richmond	(B)	Carl Yung
	1	Fischer Joel	(D)	Sigmund Freud
23.	The p	principles of social case work are		
	(i)	Joint decision making		
	(ii)	Optimum utilization of resource		
	(iii)	Acceptance		
	(iv)	Non-Judgemental attitude		
	(A)	(i) and (iv)	(B)	(ii) and (iv)
	1	(iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
	,			

24.	In public health, ————————————————————————————————————		prevention is intended to protect us from injury a				and	
	1	Primary		(B)	Second	ary		
	(C)	Tertiary		(D)	Macro			
25.	Wha	t is <u>not</u> O.C.D in mental	hoalth?					
20.	(A)	Obsession	nearth:					
	(A)	Socially disoriented and	d unorganiza	d.				
	(C)	Repetitive behaviour	u unorganize	u				
	(D)	Ritualistic behaviour						
	(D)	Tittuanstic benaviour						
26.		——— is referred to as B	lack Death	*-3				
	(A)	Cholera		0	Plague			
	(C)	Dengue		(D)	Tuberc	ulosis		
	(-/			\/.				
27.	Whic	ch of the following phobia	is is incorrec	t? .				
	(A)	Claustrophobia —	Fear of clo		spaces			
	(B)	Agoraphobia —	Fear of pul	blic s	spaces			
	6	Acrophobia —	Fear of spi					
	(D)	Hermatophobia —	Fear of Re					
28.	Whic	ch one of the following is	known as Ki	dney	Hormo	ne?		
	A	Vitamin D		(B)	Vitamin	ı E		
	(C)	Vitamin K		(D)	Vitamin	n B ₂		
29.	The	term 'endemic goitre' is h	ow known as	3				
	(A)	Hypothyroidism						
	1	Iodine deficiency disord	ers					
	(C)	Hyperthyroidism						
	(D)	Endemic cretinism						

30.	TOR	RCH refers to
	(A)	Tetanus, Oxytocin, Rubella, Cholera, Herpes
	(B)	Toxoplasma gondi, Rickets, Cytomegalablast, Herpes
	10	Toxoplasma gondi, Rubella virus, Cytomegalo virus, Herpes virus
	(D)	Tetanus, Oral Polio, Rehydration, Chicken pox
31.	Prin	nary Health care is otherwise known as
	(A)	Fundamental Health care (B) Community Health care
	W/	Essential Health care (D) Basic Health Care
32.		d-Infant mortality rate is the ratio of death under 1 year of age in a given year to total number of live births in the same year; usually expressed as a rate per—live births.
	(A)	100
	(C)	10,000 (D) 1,00,000
33.	Whi	ch of the following is incorrectly matched?
	(A)	Tata Institute of social sciences, Mumbai
	(B)	Indian Institute of social welfare and business management, Calcutta
	10)	Xavier Labour Relations Institute New Delhi
	(D)	School of Social work, Roshini Nilaya, Mangalore
34.	In p	roject cycle management, arrange the following in a sequential manner
	(i)	Identification
	(ii)	Evaluation
	(iii)	Implementation
	(iv)	Formulation
	(A)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
	(B)	(iv), (iii), (ii) and (i)
	S	(i), (iv), (iii) and (ii)
	(D)	(iv), (i), (iii) and (ii)

35. Appraisal or judgement of the worth and effectiveness of all the proceed the agency to accomplish its objectives.			tiveness of all the processes planned by					
	(A)	Public Relations	(B)	Accounting				
		Evaluation	(D)	Budgeting				
36.	A —	is a tabulation of accou	ınts i	n a ledger showing the debitor credit				
	bala	nce of each account at a specific date	e. •					
	(A)	Bank Account	98)	Trial Balance				
	(C)	Budget	(D)	Stock Register				
37.	The	fundamental principle of this syste	m is	a recording of actual cash receipts and				
	disbu	disbursements during the month in which they are actually paid/received.						
	(A)	Receipt book	(B)	Bank account				
	(C)	Accrual system	98	Cash system				
38.	This	system translates the programmes	and a	ctivities in term of rupees and paise.				
	(A)	Income System	(B)	Cash System				
	(C)	Budgeting System	S	Accounting System				
39.	It is	a record of financial transactions by	sepa	rate head of accounts is called as				
	(A)	Salary Register	S	Ledger				
	(C)	Bank Account	(D)	Stock Register				
40.	A con	mmunity chest is an ———— ag	ency.					
	(A)	Associate	(B)	Administration				
	9	Ad hoc	(D)	Executive				

41.	According to Kher (1947) social work deals with physical want, ————————————————————————————————————								
	10	disease and ignorance							
	(B)	social problems and social fur	nctioning						
	(C)	social needs and community r	needs						
	(D)	psychological needs and empl	oyment se	rvices					
42.		said that social work is a profe in human relations?	essional se	rvice based on scientific knowledge and					
	(A)	Konopka G.	(B)	Moorthy M.V.					
	10	Friedlander W.A.	(D)	Clarke, Helen I.					
43.	mak		ychiatric o	de help for inefficient persons by which discomfort. This occured first in ———					
	(A)	Economics	(B)	Anthropology					
	4	Medicine	(D)	Management Science					
44.	The	fourth UN survey of social work	c education	n was done in the year					
	(A)	1961	(B)	1968					
	9	1965	(D)	1967					
45.		International Code of ethics w to Rico (1976)	as adopte	d by the at its meeting in					
	(A)	ICSW	(B)	IASSW					
	(C)	AASW		IFSW					
46.	entrant trial	fifth survey of social work educed Nations.	cation was	s published in the year — by					
	(A)	1958	(B)	1962					
	1	1971	(D)	1977					
	1		*=						

47.	47. The social service league was founded in 1911 under the resident ship of			
	(A)	B.M. Malabari	(B)	N.M. Joshi
	S	Chandavarkar	(D)	Gokhale
48.	The	impact of Western Education i.e. En	glish	affected the Indian
	(A)	People	(B)	Country
		Mind	(D)	Soul
49.		——— was the founder of Brahmo	Sama	ų
	(A)	Keshab Chandra Sen	(B)	Dwarknath Tagore
	(C)	Sasipada Banerjee		Raja Ram Mohan Roy
50.		——— published the first tract aga	inst s	sati in 1818.
	(A)	William Carey	(B)	Serampore college
	S	Raja Ram Mohan Roy	(D)	Keshab
51.		——— was the first Indian who led	l to th	ne correction of many social evils.
	(A)	Annie Besant	(B)	Pandit Rama Bai
	1	Raja Ram Mohan Roy	(D)	Mukund Rai
52.	One	of the factors responsible for the ear	ly soc	cial reforms were
	(A)	East India Company	(B)	Muslim League
	(C)	Raja Ram Mohan Roy		Christian Missionaries
53.	-	provided for the care of	the a	aged members and for the physically
	hand	licapped the chronically ailing and t	he me	entally deficient in the ancient days.
	(A)	Joint Family	(B)	Monasteries
	(C)	Temple	(D)	Destitute Homes
		*		

54.	Training for professional social work in India began in			
	(A)	1956	(B)	1946
		1936	(D)	1966
55.	Whi	ch of the following concepts were po	pulari	sed by Mahatma Gandhi?
	(A)	Widow remarriage	(B)	Reservation
	S	Swadeshi	(D)	Child rights
56.	MNI	REGA guarantees employment to be	enefici	aries for a period of how many days?
	(A)	70 days	(B)	80 days
	(C)	90 days	(0)	100 days
57.	Socia	al work profession was discovered in	1776	at USA as a result of .
	S	War of Independence	(B)	Industrial Revolution
	(C)	Martin Luther King Jr. struggle	(D)	Townshend Act
58.				ce which attempts the interpretative
	A	Max Weber	(B)	Auguste Comte
	(C)	Emile Durkheim	(D)	Morris Ginsberg
59.	hum	———— defines sociology as, "In t an interactions and inter-relations,		oadest sense, sociology is the study of conditions and consequences".
	(A)	Auguste Comte	(B)	Max Weber
	1	Morris Ginberg	(D)	Emile Durkheim

60.	Wha	t is Psycho-Analysis?
	1	to bring repressed unconscious material into consciousness
	(B)	theory of personality
	(C)	bring suppressed conscious mind into pre-conscious mind
	(D)	none of the above
61.	'Soci	alism' is associated with
	(A)	Herbert Spencer
	(B)	Max Weber
	(C)	Pitrim Sorokin
	0	Karl Marx
62.	Aver	sion is one of the conditioning procedures used in
	(A)	Psycho analytic therapy
	1	Behaviour therapy
	(C)	Chemo therapy
	(D)	Gestalt therapy
63.	Who	is associated with "Voluntaristic theory of Action"?
	(A)	Weber Parson
	(C)	Tony (D) Freud
64.	Who	coined the term 'Sociology'?
	(A)	Herbert Spencer
	5	Auguste Comte
	(C)	Saint Simon

Friedlander

(D)

65.	The tendency to react to stimuli that are different from, but somewhat similar to a conditioned stimulus is known as							
	(A)	Stimulus discrimination						
	S	Stimulus generalization						
	(C)	Stimulus control of behaviour						
	(D)	Stimulus recognition						
66.	Bodi	ly diseases caused or aggregated by	y psych	nological factors is termed as				
	(A)	Conversion disorders		Dissociative disorders				
	S	Psychosomatic disorders	(D)	Psycho sinal anomalies				
67.	Pers	Persistant unwanted thoughts, impulses or ideas are known as						
	(A)	Negative Attributes	(B)	Schemas				
	(C)	Compulsion	(8)	Obessions				
68.	socia	focuses on the ways that lenvironment.	individ	duals are shaped by and react to their				
	18	Psycho Social theory	(B)	Learning theory				
	(C)	Gestalt theory	(D)	Psycho dynamic theory				
69.	Whic	tich one of the following is an example of Formal Social control?						
	A	Legislation	(B)	Slander				
	(C)	Resentment	(D)	Public Opinion				
70.	Who	said that "Society is a consciousnes	ss of ki	ind"?				
	W	F.H. Giddings	(B)	Mac Iver				
	(C)	G.D.M. Cole	(D)	Morris Ginsberg				

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71.	The process of integrating the employee needs and aspirations with the organisation needs							
	(A)		(B)	Job Evaluation				
		Career Planning	(D)	Employee Recognition				
72.	Delp	hi Technique is used for						
	(A)	Man Power Planning	(B)	Performance Appraisal				
	(C)	Carrier Development	(D)	Learning and Education				
73.	Robert Kaplan and David Norton developed the concept which links company's current action to its long term goals – what is the name of the concept?							
	(A)	Competency Mapping	(B)	Job Specification				
	(C)	Job Evaluation	S	Balance Score Card				
74.	———— provides a way of technique that helps people in better understanding of their relationship with themselves and others.							
	(A)	Maslow theory	(B)	McGregor theory				
		Johri Window	(D)	Smart Analysis				
75.	Who	gave the concept of Hot Stove Rule	e for di	scipline maintenance?				
	(A)	Professor. John. T. Dunlop						
	(B)	Agnikotri						
	4	Professor McGregor						
	(D)	Professor Appadorai & Professor	M.S. R	ajan				
76.	Who given the concept of three factors of Bargaining Power?							
	US	Professor John. T. Dunlop						
	(B)	N.W. Chamberlain						
	(C)	Sydney and Beatrice Webb						
	(D)	Flander						

77.	Match	the	foll	owing
11.	Match	une	1011	OWING

- (a) Consultative management style
- (b) Participative style
- (c) Benvolent Authoritative style
- (d) Exploitative Authoritative style
- (d) (a) (b) (c) 1 2 3 4 (A) 1 4 3 4 2 1 2 3 1

- 1. Labour treated as commodity
- 2. External pressure of social worker (or) Enactment of protective legislations
- 3. Growth of Trade Unions and importance of labour legislations
- 4. Labour treated as partner (or) Friend (or) ally (or) associate

78. Find the odd one out:

The objectives of Industrial Relations

- (A) Controlling Industries by the State
- (B) Socialisation (or) nationalisation of industries
- (C) Improving the economic conditions of labour
 Improving the mechanical conditions of workshop floor
- 79. Which one of the following is not a main characteristics of Industrial Relations?
 - (A) Promotion and development of healthy labour management relations
 - (B) Maintenance of Industrial Peace
 - Maximisation of Profit
 - (D) Development of Industrial Democracy
- 80. This Scientific Method helps in Condensing Mass of data into a few significance figures
 - (A) Social Group Work
 - (B) Social Case Work
 - Statistics
 - (D) Social Work Research

81.	Whi	ch one of the following is need for labour legislation?
	45	safeguard working conditions for labourers in an organisation
	(B)	acquire profit in an organisation
	(C)	promote employer's well-being
	(D)	decrease bargaining power of labour
82.		——————————————————————————————————————
	(A)	Social Assistance
	(B)	Minimum Wages
	4	Industrial Dispute
	(D)	Pension Fund
83.		ch of the following initiatives is not a social security measure taken by the stry of Labour and Employment.
	(A)	Employee Provident Fund
	98	Integrated Child Development Scheme
	(C)	Reforming Maternity Benefit Act
	(D)	Wider coverage of beneficiaries under the ESI Act
84.		tify one reason among those listed that does not attribute to the problem of ness in industries which has affected industrial growth in India.
	(A)	Irregular supply of raw materials
	(B)	Recession
	(C)	Volatile Government Policies
		Caste discrimination
85.		ch of the following is an occupational illness among unorganised workers ting in the brick kiln industry?
	10	Respiratory illnesses

(B)

(C)

(D)

Dementra

Mental retardation

Polio

86.	Casual Relationships (cause and effect) can be assessed only with							
	(A)	Correlation Research Designs						
	(B)	Ex-port Facto Research Designs						
	S	Experimental Research Designs						
	(D)	Multi Variate Research Designs						
87.		ndependent variable which is hyp dependent and independent variabl		zed to modify the relationship between				
	(A)	Functional variable	(B)	Control variable				
	(C)	Interesting variable		Moderator variable				
88.	In th	ne year 1952, the merger of AASSW	and N	NASSW resulted in the formation of				
	4	CSWE	(B)	NASW				
	(C)	AAPSW	(D)	AAMSW				
89.	In the year 1898, the first school for social workers was established as							
	(A) The Virginia School of Social Work							
		The New York School of Philanth	ropy					
	(C)	The London School of Social Work						
	(D)	The Jane Adams School of Social	Work					
90.	H_1 r	efers to						
	(A)	Null hypothesis	4	Alternative hypothesis				
	(C)	Universe	(D)	Sample				
91.	The	chart is used to emphasize relative	propo	rtion or shares of each category.				
	(A)	Histogram	(B)	Line chart				
	(C)	Bar chart		Pie chart				
92.	The		in son	ne kind of concise and logical order is				
	(A)	Editing	(B)	Classification				
	(C)	Coding	(D)	Tabulation				

93. This type of research aims at finding a solution for an immediate problem facing society or an industrial/business organisation.					
	(A)	Analytical	(B)	Ex post facto	
	S	Applied	(D)	Fundamental	
94.		researcher has no control over the v	ariab	le; the researcher can only report what	
	(A)	Applied	S	Ex post Facto	
	(C)	Conceptual	(D)	Quantitative	
95.		ies with the object to gain familia. hts. It is a ———— Exploratory studies Descriptive studies Diagnostic studies Hypothesis – testing studies	rity v	with a phenomenon or to achieve new	
96.		n there is no difference between alence of a condition or phenomenon Null		situations, groups, outcomes, or the it is a ——————————————————————————————————	
	(C)	Alternate	(D)	Dependent	
97.		——— is a tentative proposition.			
	(A)	Social Issues	95)	Hypothesis	
	(C)	Problem	(D)	Research	

98.	Narmada Bachao Andolan is an Indian social movement against a number of large dam projects across river Narmada spear headed by						
	(A)	Mahatma Gandhi	(B)	Irom Sharmila			
	4	Medha Patkar	(D)	Acharya Vinobhave			
99.	Whi		ype of co	ommunity power structure according to			
	(A)	Caucus rule	(B)	Pyramidal			
	(C)	Amorphous	The state of the s	Coalitional			
100.		is defined as an area of erence.	social li	ning marked by some degree of social			
	Cone	Community	(B)	Family			
	(C)	Neighbourhood	(D)	Society			
	(0)	1,01811004111004	(2)				
101.	The	conscientisation model is associa	ted with				
	(A)	Saul Abinsky	(3)	Paulo Friere			
	(C)	Paul Choudhary	(D)	Mary Richmond			
102.	Whi	ch of the following is not an agend	cy of pub	lic opinion?			
*	(A)	The Press	(B)	The Radio			
	4	The Family	(D)	Motion Pictures			
103.	Stra	tegies of social action is/are					
	(i)	Collaboration					
	(ii)	Competition					
	(iii)	Adjustment					
	(iv)	Disruption					
	(A)	(i) only	(B)	(i) and (ii) only			
	(C)	(i), (ii) and (iii) only	1	(i), (ii) and (iv) only			
104.	The	minimum prerequisite of a social	relation	ship is ———			
	(A)	Physical contact	(B)	Face to Face talks			
	40	Harmony	(D)	Wealthy living			

105.	Which one of the following is <u>not</u> a manifestation of urban poverty?							
	(A)	Growth of slums	(B)	Growth of informal sectors				
	(C)	Pressure on ionic amenities		Growing sense of hope				
106.		ch one among the following is an elopment?	elen	nent of approach to urban community				
	(A)			그들 이 것이 집에 살아가 하시다. 이 그들은 사람이 모르는 것이 되었다. 그 모르는데 되었다.				
•	95)	Identification and development of						
	(C)	Development of environmental con		isness				
	(D)	To meet global needs and problem	S					
107.	The	first pilot project in urban communi	ty dev	velopment was started in				
		Delhi	(B)	Mumbai				
	(C)	Ahmedabad	(D)	Chennai				
108.	Iden	tify the problems of agricultural lab	ourer	from the options given below				
	(i)	Low wages and income						
	(ii)	Indebtedness						
	(iii)	Comparatively high literacy rates						
	(iv)	Having Awareness and technology						
	(A)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)	50	(i) and (ii)				
	(C)	(iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i) and (iii)				
109.	Whic	ch of the following is not a need of ru	ıral d	evelopment?				
	(A)	Public health and sanitation	(B)	Land reform				
	(C)	Literacy	01	Community centres				
110.	Whic	ch of the following is /are reasons for	pove	rty in rural areas?				
	(i)	Lack of water and nutrition						
	(ii)	Inequality						
	(iii)	Illiteracy						
	(iv)	Entertainment						
	(A)	(i), (iii) and (iv) only	(B)	(ii) and (iv) only				
	19	(i), (ii) and (iii) only	(D)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)				
		J.						

GEI.	ider development fildex is published	u by	
(1)	UNDP	(B)	UNHCRC
(C)	UNICEF	(D)	WHO
'Khe	elo India' is a flagship programme u	nder t	he
(A)	Ministry of human resource devel	opmei	nt
5	Ministry of youth affairs and spor	ts	
(C)	Ministry of home affairs		
(D)	Ministry of women and child deve	lopme	ent
The	Advocacy of women's right on the g	round	of the equality of the sexes means
(A)	Equality	(B)	Gender advocacy
9	Feminism	(D)	Female development
		eir fa	milies, especially that provided by an
(A)	Medical Care	(B)	Social care
4	Palliative care	(D)	Psychological care
Whi	ch of the following are types of fami	ly stru	acture?
(i)	Joint family		
(ii)	Nuclear family		
(iii)	Childless family		
(iv)	Extended family		
(A)	(i) and (ii)	(B)	(iii) and (iv)
4	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (ii) and (iii)
Tho	first book on social case work is		
1			
(D)	Case work-An Introduction		
	(C) (Khe (A) (C) (D) The (A) (G) (II) (III) (IV) (A) (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV) (IV	'Khelo India' is a flagship programme u (A) Ministry of human resource devel (B) Ministry of youth affairs and spor (C) Ministry of home affairs (D) Ministry of women and child deve The Advocacy of women's right on the g (A) Equality (B) Feminism The care for the terminally ill and thorganized health service is (A) Medical Care (B) Palliative care Which of the following are types of familiation in the following are types of familiation in the family (ii) Nuclear family (iii) Childless family (iv) Extended family (iv) Extended family (iv) Extended family (iv) The first book on social case work is (A) Social work with Individuals (B) Introduction to social case work (C) Social Diagnosis	(C) UNICEF (D) 'Khelo India' is a flagship programme under to (A) Ministry of human resource development (B) Ministry of youth affairs and sports (C) Ministry of home affairs (D) Ministry of women and child development (A) Equality (B) (Feminism (D) The care for the terminally ill and their factorized health service is (A) Medical Care (B) (Femiliative care (D) Which of the following are types of family struction (i) Joint family (ii) Nuclear family (iii) Childless family (iv) Extended family (iv) Extended family (A) (i) and (ii) (B) (Feminism (D) The first book on social case work is (A) Social work with Individuals (B) Introduction to social case work (C) Social Diagnosis

117.	is the willingness on the part of all members to stay on in the group.						
	(A)	Group communication					
	(B)	Group conflict					
	6	Group cohesiveness					
	(D)	Group power					
118.		group consists of a number of	f peo	ple who meet regularly but who do not			
	have	intimate ties with each other.					
,	(A)	Task	(B)	Informal			
	(C)	Self help	B	Secondary			
119.		defined social group work as	"enh	ancement of person's social functioning			
	throu	igh purposeful group experiences.					
	(A)	Konopka	(B)	Trecker			
	(C)	Pearlman	56)	Majorie Murphy			
120.		defined social group as "a soc	ial gr	roup is a number of people who interact			
	with	each other on a regular basis".	-				
	(A)	Karl Mannheim	(3)	Giddens			
	(C)	Eubank	(D)	Webster			
121.	-	was one of the earliest grou	up th	eorists to highlight the importance of			
			was	by group experience that the individual			
	becor	nes socialized.					
	(A)	Cooley	(B)	Trecker			
	(C)	Klein	(D)	H.Y. Siddiqui			

122. Which of the following is /are principles of group work?							
(i) Planned group formation							
	(ii)	Guided group interaction					
	(iii)	Individualization					
	(iv)	Evaluation					
	(A)	(i),(ii) and (iv) only	(B)	(i), (ii) and (iii) only			
	(C)	(i), (iii) and (iv) only	S	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)			
123.	Whi	ch one of the following is <u>not</u> the pur	rpose	of group work?			
	(A)	To teach individuals to line and w	ork to	gether			
	(B)	To Participate in the activities of t	the gr	oup			
	(C)	To solve problems of adjustments					
	(0)	To give opportunities for talented	meml	pers alone			
124.	Who	produced an unified theory in group	p wor	k?			
	(A)	Konopka	(B)	Gisella			
	(C)	William		Ruth Smalley			
125.	Phol	bias, Panic and Obsessive compulsiv	e disc	orders are classified as			
	(A)	Dissociative disorders	(B)	Mood disorders			
	4	Anxiety disorders	(D)	Somatoform disorders			
126.	Fath	ner of Psychoanalysis is					
	1	Freud	(B)	Adler			
	(C)	Jung	(D)	Trecker			
107	Dala	orione and about the live age in					
127.		usions are characteristically seen in	1	Caliarahaania			
	(A)	Delirium	(D)	Schizophrenia			
	(C)	Dementia	(D)	Depression			
128.	UN	convention on rights of person with	disabi	ilities came into effect from			
	(A)	3rd March 2000	(B)	3 rd April 2005			
	100	3rd May 2008	(D)	4th July 2010			

129.	Soc.	iai woi	ker An	noner	was nrst a	ppointe	d at the ———	—— in the yea	r 1895.	
	(A)	Royal free hospital, London								
	(B)	Bethlehem Hospital for poor, London								
*	(C)	Lon	don Cha	arity Ho	ospital			*		
	(D)	Eliz	abether	n Healtl	a care Hor	nes				
130.	Mat	ch the	followi	ng :						
			e noise l		lBA)					
	(a)		lential			1.	40-60			
	(b)	Hosp				2.	40			
	(c)	-	nercial	(Restai	rants)	3.	30-40			
	(d)		ational	(Itostat	iranics)	4.	20-35			
	(4)		(10.00)	(-)	(4)		20 00			
	(4)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)					
	(A)	-3	2	4	1					
	(B)	1	3	2	4					
	(0)	2	4	1	3					
	(D)	4	1	3	2					
131.	'Tige	er Mos	quitoes	are otl	nerwise kr	nown as				
	(A)	Anoj	pheles I	Mosquit	oes	(B) Culex Mos	squitoes		
	109	Aede	es Mosq	uitoes		(D) Mansonia	Mosquitoes		
132.	PHO	Cs/CHO	Cs in ou	r count	ry are usii	ng ——	—— for main	ntaining quality	health care.	
4	(A)	NHN	M stand	ards			*			
	(B)	Mo I	HFW st	andards	3					
	10	India	an Publ	ic Heal	th Standa	rds				
	(D)	ICM	R Stand	dards						
133.		ealth e		on, tran	slating he	alth inf	formation into	the desired Hea	alth Action is	
	(A)	Socia	al inter	vention	model	V	Motivation	n model		
	(C)	Attit	udinal	change	model	(D) Action ori	iented model		

134.	Rota	ary and Lions clubs are a examples	of ——	———— type of organizations.				
	(A)	community based organization						
	Jb)	city wide organization						
	(C)	national NGO						
	(D)	international NGO						
135.	Anv	NGO wishing to receive foreign	contri	bution must have a definite cultural,				
	- 1	omic, educational, religious or soci						
	(i)	True						
	(ii)	False						
	(iii)	Partially True						
	(iv)	Neither True nor False						
	S	(i)	(B)	(ii)				
	(C)	(iii)	(D)	(iv)				
136	The	Central Welfare Board was establi	shed in	the year				
100.	(A)	1951	(B)	1952				
	B	1953	(D)	1954				
137.	Whi	ch of the following is a strategic ac	tivity?					
	(A)	Planning	(8)	Recruitment				
	(C)	Termination	(D)	Directing				
138.	This	s consists of general members of	f the o	rganisation enrolled according to the				
100.		visions of the constitution.	tire o	rgamsation enrolled according to the				
	(A)	Ad hoc committee	98	General body				
	(C)	Standing committee	(D)	Executive committee				

139.	The	The idea of community chest was first conceived in the year						
	16	1913	(B)	1914				
	(C)	1915	(D)	1916				
140.		committee is responsible for recru	uitment	, promotion and dismissal of the staff or				
	(A)	Evaluation Committee	(B)	Finance Committee				
	4	Personnel Committee	(D)	Public Relations Committee				
141.	The	Charitable Endowment Act was p	assed in	the year				
	1	1890	(B)	1891				
	(C)	1990	(D)	1991				
142.	inclu		ucation	ct, 1890, defines charitable purpose as , medical relief and the advancement of				
	(A)	Section 1	(3)	Section 2				
	(C)	Section 3	(D)	Section 4				
143.	The Memorandum of Association should contain the following particulars.							
	(A) Name, Address, Age, Gender, Other details							
	(B)	Name and Address of the individ	duals, ol	ojectives, goals, funds				
	Name and Address of the association, purpose, membership requirements, other particulars							
	(D)	Name and Address of the Ch particulars	airpers	on, purpose, community name, other				
144.	The	Central Social Welfare Board was	set up i	in the year				
	(A)	1943	(B)	1950				
	(6)	1953	(D)	1960				
145.		——— are for construction of bui	ildings,	purchase of equipment.				
	(A)	Development grants	00	Capital grants				
	(C)	Statutory grants	(D)	Discretionary grants				

146.	confe	was the founder of the IC erence of social work in Madras, In		d IASSW. He has presided at the 1952
	(A)	Dr.Adrian Demonte	B)	Dr. Rene Sand
	(C)	H.B. Tweener	(D)	Helen Pearlman
147.	worl	was the most influential is in Denmark. She encouraged soci		nal in the founding of professional social kers to travel and leave
	A	Manon Luttichau	(B)	Aurthur John
	(C)	Young Husband	(D)	Alice Saloman
148.	Dr. 0	Clifford Manshardt founded ———	—— i	n 1926 in slums of Mumbai.
	(A)	Toynbee Hall	(B)	CS Foundation
	S	Nagpada Neighbourhood House	(D)	Dharabi People's Association
149.	Wha	at does IFSW stand for?		
	(A)	Indian Federation for Social Wor	ker	
	5	International Federation of Socia	l Work	er
	(C)	International Foundation for Soc	ial Wor	ker
	(D)	Indian Forum for Social Workers		
150.		two movements in Social Welfare ed the development of the professi		at the end of the nineteenth century
	4	Charity Organisation Societies a	nd Sett	lement house Establishments
	(B)	Charity Organisation Societies a	nd Indi	astrial Revolution
	(C)	Charity Organisation and Agrari	an Rev	olution
	(D)	Charity Organisation and IFSW		
151.		Organisation of a formal course of first made by	of lectu	re and supervision in a work situation
		Social Service League		
	(B)	Catholic Mission		
	(C)	Sir. Dorabji Tata Graduate Schoo	ol of So	cial Work
1	(D)	Department of Welfare, Mumbai		

152.	Serv	Serving the needy and helping ones fellowmen have been —					
	in th	ne Indian culture.	1				
	(A)	Characters	(B)	Virtues			
	(C)	Kindness	(D)	Charity			
153.	(i)	Social Work is a Helping Activity					
	(ii)	Social Work is a Liaison Activity					
	(iii)	Social Work is a Social Activity					
	Whi	ch of the above statement is correct?					
	(A)	• (i), (iii)	(B)	(iii)			
		(i), (ii), (iii)	(D)	(ii)			
154.		spoke about the five giant evils in al Work?	n 194	7 during the All Indian Conference of			
	S	Shri B.G. Khev	(B)	Ratan Tata			
	(C)	R.R. Singh	(D)	Prof. Sushil Chandra			
155.	Expa	and C.O.S.					
	(A)	Children of Society	(B)	Community of Society			
	S	Charity Organisation Society	(D)	Commoners of Society			
156.		defined social work, as "an art of bringing various resources to bear an individual, group and community needs by the application of a scientific method of helping people to help themselves.					
	A	Prof. Stroup	(B)	Friedlander			
	(C)	Prof. Sushil Chandra	(D)	C.N. Shankar Rao			

157. ———— defines Sociology as "the study of man-in-relationship-to-n				man-in-relationship-to-men".			
	(A)	Emile Durkheim	(B)	Small			
	\$	Ogburn and Nimkoff	(D)	Park			
158.	107	is considered to be the fathe	r of S	ociology.			
	(A)	Max Weber	(8)	Auguste Comte			
	(C)	Herbert Spencer	(D)	John Stuart Mill			
159.	'Socie	ety is a web of social relationships' v	vas st	ated that			
	13)	Mc Iver	(B)	Gidding			
	(C)	Ginsberg	(D)	Cooley			
160.	Freu	d's theory explains 'Ego' is the ——		— principle.			
	(A)	Pleasure principle					
	(B)	Morality principle					
		Reality principle					
	(D)	Ego Ideal					
			4				
161.	Ident	tify the right order of the psycho sex	ual s	tages of development			
	(A)	A) aral, oral, phallic, genital, latent					
	(B)	oral, aral, phallic, latent, genital					
	(C)	oral, phallic, aral, genital, latent					
	(D)	aral, phallic, oral, latent, genital					
162.		ch one of the following is a symptom	of scl	B = 10 [17] [18]			
	(A)	pessimism		unusual thoughts or behaviour			
	(C)	shallow emotions	(D)	feeling of hope			

163.	'Dem	mentia praecox' is old term for				
	(A)	Functional Psychosis	Schizophrenia			
	(C)	Alzheimer's disease (D)	Learning disorder			
164.	Unce		ety, resolve conflict and enhance self-			
	(A)	Free Association (B)	Mnemonic mechanisms			
	(C)	Self actualism mechanisms	Defense mechanisms			
165.		rning that takes place what a con- onditioned stimulus.	ditioned stimulus is paired with an			
	(A)	.Watson's conditioning				
	(B)	Bardura's conditioning	열심 사람들은 경기를 받아 다른			
	(C)	Skinner's conditioning				
	0	Partonian conditioning				
166.		emale archetype present in males, a	concept explained in Jung's analytical			
	1/1)	anima (B)	animism			
	(C)	animus (D)	angular gyrus			
167.	Statement 1: Sympathetic Nervous System is active in states of around and in stressful situation.					
	Statement 2: Parasympathetic nervous system is active in resting and quiet states.					
	Statements (1) and (2), both are correct					
	(B)	Statements (1) and (2) both are incorre	ct			
	(C)	(C) Statement (1) is correct but (2) is incorrect				
	(D)	Statement (2) is correct but (1) is incor	rect			
168.	The	world — refers to perception o	f the world around us.			
	(A)	Sensation (B)	Attribution			
	(C)	Gestalt	Cognition			

169. Which one of the following is to be a first stage of stratification in socie			e of stratification in society?		
	(A)	Hierarchy	18)	Differentiation	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(C)	Classification	(D)	Unification	
170.		rding to Raymond W. Murray, society into "high" and "lower" social uni		atification is a ————	division of
	(A)	vertical	(B)	nuclear	
	(C)	uniform	S)	horizontal	
171.	In a	society Folkways are			
	(A)	laws or morals			
	9	repetitive petty acts			
	(C)	compulsory act			
	(D)	obligatory act			
172.	Who	had invented 360 degree feedback to	ool in	HRD practices?	
	(A)	Gary Harnel			
	(B)	Phillip Kofler			
	(0)	Marshall Goldsmith			
	(D)	William Ouchi			
173.	The '	Leader participation model" was de	velop	ed by	
	15	Victor Vroom and Philip Yetton			
	(B)	Robert Mouton			
	(C)	Peter Senge			
	(D)	Ken Blanchard			

174.	Which one of the following is not to be discussed in works committee?						
	(A)	Condition of work					
	(B)	Adjustment of Festival and Nation	al ho	liday			
	(C)	Safety and accident prevention					
Victimization of Trade Union activities							
175.	Find out the odd one from the following method of counselling is/are			od of counselling is/are			
	(A)	Desensitization	(B)	Catharsis			
	5	Rapport Building	(D)	Insight			
	•						
176.	Whic	h one of the following is not a featur	e of c	collective bargaining?			
	(A)	Joint Process	(B)	Continuous Process			
	5	Sporadic Process	(D)	Dynamic Process			
177.		eding to Shri Guljarilal Nanda the C I on the Gandhian Philosophy in Ma					
	(A)	Standard labour practices					
	9	Code of conduct					
	(C)	Welfare provisions					
	(D)	Safety procedures					
178.	What	are the two sides of social security	syste	m?			
	(A)	General Insurance and General As	surar	nce			
	(B)	(B) Social Insurance and Social Assurance					
	(C)	(C) General Assistance and General Insurance					
•		Social Assistance and Social Insura	ance				
179.	The c	onflicts of rights also known as	,				
	(A)	Interest disputes	(B)	Grievance disputes			
	(C)·	Recognition disputes	(D)	Disputes over unfair labour practices			

180.		minimum number of workmen requ resent.	iired f	or registration of a trade union is———		
	(A) 05% or 50% of workmen engaged (or) employed whichever is less, subject to a minimum of 7					
	J	10% or 100 of workmen engaged minimum of 7	(or) e	mployed whichever is less, subject to a		
	(C)	20% or 50 of workmen engaged minimum of 7	(or) er	mployed whichever is less, subject to a		
	(D)	Not less than 10 or \(\frac{1}{4} \) th of those w	orkin	g in the industry at present		
181.	Con	nmitment of the Industries towards	the so			
	(A)	Corporate Sentiment	(3)	Corporate Social Responsibility		
	(C)	Social Commitment	(D)	Corporate Commitment Policy		
182.	Whi	ch of the following is a non-guarante	eed pa	yment?		
	(A)	Wages	(B)	Incentives		
	4	Bonus	(D)	Remuneration		
183.	Whi	ch of the following are central trade	union	ns of India?		
	(i)	INTUC				
	(ii)	AITUC				
	(iii)	UTUC				
	(iv)	CITU				
	S	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)	(B)	(i) and (ii)		
	(C)	(ii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (ii) and (iv)		
184.		ording to the ———————————————————————————————————	erson	employed in public utility shall go on		
	(A)	Maternity Benefit Amendment, 20	017			
	05)	Industrial Dispute Act, 1947				
	(C)	Bonded Labour Abolition, 1976				
	(D)	Unorganized Workers Social Secu	rity R	ules, 2009		

185.	Which of the following is not a scientific sampling?			
	(i) (ii)	Simple Random Stratified Random		
	(iii)	Quota		
	(iv)	Snow Ball		
	(A)	(i) and (ii)	(3)	(iii) and (iv)
	(C)	(i) and (iv)	(D)	(ii) and (iii)
186.	Ethr	nographic Analysis is used in		
1	(A)	Historical Research Design	(B)	Single Subject Research Design
		Qualitative Research	(D)	Quasi Experimental Design
187.	to do	refers to use of multiple m		s or data sources in qualitative research
			ig of p	Triangulation
	(A) (C)	In-depth analysis Iteration	(D)	Saturation
188.	Mea	n < Median < Mode is present in		
		Negative skewness	(B)	Positive skewness
	(C)	Mesokurtic	(D)	Leptokurtic
189.		ct quotations from people about th videly used in	eir exp	perience, attitudes, beliefs and thoughts
	(A)	Phenomenological Research	(B)	Descriptive Research
	(C)	Quasi experimental Research		Qualitative Research
190.	In le	vels of measurement, an extremely	impo	tant aspect is
	(A)	Reliability	(3)	Validity
	(C)	Predictive validity	(D)	Predictive Reliabilty

191.	_	are sometimes called the 'Confounding Variable'.	
	(1)	Intervening Variable	
	(B)	Independent Variable	
	(C)	Dependent Variable	
	(D)	Extraneous Variable	
192.	Acco	ording to Kerlinger, 'A ———————————————————————————————————	lues'.
	(A)	Skill	
	P	Variable	
	(C)	Hypothesis	
	(D)	Question	
193.	This	s is a measure of central tendency.	
	W	Arithmetic Mean	
	(B)	Probability sampling	
	(C)	Validity	
	(D)	Reliability	
194.	It is	a process of selecting an adequate number of elements from the populatio	n.
	1	Sampling	
	(B)	Sampling Frame	
	(C)	Sampling Unit	
	(D)	Sample	
195.	It is	a subset of the population.	
	(A)	Sampling Frame	
	of	Sample	
	(Ċ)	Sampling Unit	2
	(D)	Sampling	

196.	This is a process of examining the collected raw data to detect errors and omissions and to correct those when possible.						
	(A)	Categorisation of data	(8)	Editing of data			
	(C)	Coding of data	(D)	Classification of data			
197.	A co	mplete enumeration of all the iten	ns in the	e population is known as			
	(A)	Universe					
,	9	Census inquiry					
	(C)	Probability sampling					
	(D)	Descriptive Research Design					
198.	This	constitutes all the items under co	· ·				
	(1)	Universe	(B)	Sample			
	(C)	Design	(D)	Study			
199.	This	is the first step in a scientific enq	uiry				
	(A)	Preparing the Research Design					
	(B)	Extensive literature survey					
	1	Formulating the Research Problem					
	(D)	Development of working hypothe	esis				
200.	This	type of research is related to some	e abstra	act idea(s) or theory.			
	(A)	Empirical Research					
	9	Conceptual Research					
	(C)	Ex post facto Research					
	(D)	Qualitative Research					
	100						

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